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# Experimental Studies on Grooved Double Pipe Heat Exchanger with Different Groove Space

P W Sunu<sup>1</sup>, I M Arsawan<sup>1</sup>, D S Anakottapary<sup>1</sup>, I D M C Santosa<sup>1</sup> and I K A Yasa<sup>2</sup> Published under licence by IOP Publishing Ltd Journal of Physics: Conference Series, Volume 953, The 2nd International Joint Conference on Science and Technology (IJCST) 2017 27–28 September 2017, Bali, Indonesia **Citation** P W Sunu *et al* 2018 *J. Phys.: Conf. Ser.* **953** 012064 **DOI** 10.1088/1742-6596/953/1/012064

wijayasunu@pnb.ac.id

<sup>1</sup> Mechanical Engineering Department, Bali State Polytechnic, Badung-Bali, 80364 Indonesia.

<sup>2</sup> Electrical Engineering Department, Bali State Polytechnic, Badung-Bali, 80364 Indonesia.

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## Abstract

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Experimental studies were performed on grooved double pipe heat exchanger (DPHE) with different groove space. The objective of this work is to determine optimal heat transfer parameter especially logarithmic mean temperature difference (LMTD). The document in this paper also provides the total heat observed by the cold fluid. The rectangular grooves were incised on outer surface of tube side with circumferential pattern and two different grooves space, namely 1 mm and 2 mm. The distance between grooves and the grooves high were kept constant, 8 mm and 0.3 mm respectively. The tube diameter is 20 mm and its made of aluminium. The shell is made of acrylic which has 28 mm in diameter. Water is used as the working fluid. Using counter flow scheme, the cold fluid flows in the annulus room of This site uses cookies. By continuing to use this site you agree to our use of cookies. To find out more, see

were varied from 11 lpm to 15 lpm. Based on logarithmic mean temperature difference analysis, the LMTD of 1 mm grooves space was higher compared to that of 2 mm grooves space. The smaller grooves space has more advantage since the recirculating region are increased which essentially cause larger heat transfer enhancement.

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