

UNDERGRADUATE THESIS

IMPLEMENTATION OF GREEN PRACTICE
IN ENHANCING STAFF PRO-ENVIRONMENTAL BEHAVIOR
IN FRONT OFFICE DEPARTMENT
INTERCONTINENTAL BALI RESORT



POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI

Ni Made Ari Srijati

TOURISM DEPARTMENT
POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI
BADUNG
2025

UNDERGRADUATE THESIS

IMPLEMENTATION OF GREEN PRACTICE
IN ENHANCING STAFF PRO-ENVIRONMENTAL BEHAVIOR
IN FRONT OFFICE DEPARTMENT
INTERCONTINENTAL BALI RESORT



POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI

Ni Made Ari Srijati
NIM 2115834050

TOURISM DEPARTMENT
POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI
BADUNG
2025

UNDERGRADUATE THESIS

**IMPLEMENTATION OF GREEN PRACTICE
IN ENHANCING STAFF PRO-ENVIRONMENTAL BEHAVIOR
IN FRONT OFFICE DEPARTMENT
INTERCONTINENTAL BALI RESORT**

**This undergraduate thesis is submitted as one of the requirements to earn
Applied Bachelor's Degree in Tourism Business Management Study Program
in Politeknik Negeri Bali**



POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI

**Ni Made Ari Srijati
NIM 2115834050**

**TOURISM BUSINESS MANAGEMENT STUDY PROGRAM
TOURISM DEPARTMENT
POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI
BADUNG
2025**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The writer would like to express his gratitude to the presence of Ida Sang Hyang Widhi Wasa, The almighty God, because of blessings and grace, was able to complete the undergraduate thesis entitled "**Implementation of Green Practice in Enhancing Staff Pro-Environmental Behavior in Front Office Department InterContinental Bali Resort**" well and on time. This thesis is submitted to fulfill one of the requirements to obtain an Applied Bachelor's degree in the D-IV Tourism Business Management Study Program, Tourism Department at Politeknik Negeri Bali.

In writing this thesis, the writer encountered various obstacles and difficulties, but thanks for the guidance, suggestions, input, and motivation from various parties, this thesis can be perfected well. Therefore, this gratitude is conveyed to:

1. I Nyoman Abdi, S.E., M.eCom., as the Director of Politeknik Negeri Bali who has given the opportunity to study for four years in the Tourism Department of Politeknik Negeri Bali.
2. Dr. Ni Nyoman Sri Astuti, SST. Par., M.Par., as the Head of the Tourism Department of Politeknik Negeri Bali has provided adequate facilities, helping with the smooth running of lectures in the Tourism Department.
3. Putu Tika Virginija, S.Pd., M.Pd. as the Secretary of Tourism Department at Politeknik Negeri Bali and as well as Supervisor II, for direction, guidelines, and motivation.
4. Dr. Made Satria Pramanda Putra, S.H., S.E., M.M as the Coordinator of the Tourism Business Management Study Program, who also provided a lot of guidance and input in carrying out the preparation of this thesis.
5. Dra. Ni Nyoman Triyuni, MM., as Supervisor I in this thesis, has been willingly taking her time to give guidance during creating the thesis and providing guidance to complete this thesis.
6. Ni Putu Yulia Pratiwi, A.Md.Par. as Supervisor of Front Office Department at InterContinental Bali Resort, who has allowed doing this research in his company.
7. Mr. Sarna and Mrs. Sariani, beloved parents, for their endless support and love.

8. Astawa Wijaya, beloved brother for the constant support, encouragement, and prayers throughout the writing of this thesis.
9. All of the front office staff at InterContinental Bali Resort who have assisted the writer during fieldwork practice.

Therefore, with all humility, hopefully this thesis needs criticism and suggestions for improvement in future writing. It is hoped that this thesis could be beneficial for the study and the development of the tourism industry.

Writer,

Ni Made Ari Srijati



JURUSAN PARIWISATA
POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI

ABSTRACT

Srijati, Ni Made Ari. (2025). *Implementation of Green Practice in enhancing Staff Pro-Environmental Behavior in Front Office Department InterContinental Bali Resort.* Undergraduate Thesis: Tourism Business Management, Tourism Department, Politeknik Negeri Bali.

This undergraduate thesis has been supervised and approved by Supervisor I: Dra. Ni Nyoman Triyuni, MM. and Supervisor II: Putu Tika Virginiya, S.Pd., M.Pd.

Keywords: green practice, front office, green, pro-environmental behavior

The purpose of this research is to explain the mechanism or process of how the implementation of green practice influences pro-environmental behavior, to identify the challenges in its implementation, and to explore specific suggestions for improvement directed at the front office staff at InterContinental Bali Resort. This study uses a quantitative method with 35 respondents selected through the saturated sampling technique. The analysis used is simple regression assisted by SPSS 27.0 software to process the data. Data were collected through observation, questionnaires, interviews as supporting data, and documentation. The research results show that green practices in the front office department of InterContinental Bali Resort have been implemented well, although several indicators have not yet reached the category of highly implemented, namely energy efficiency, recycling practice, and nature conservation. From the analysis that has been carried out, green practice can explain the 66.6% variation in pro-environmental behavior, but the rest is influenced by other variables outside the model. Therefore, it can be concluded that the hypothesis is accepted, meaning that the implementation of green practice has an influence on enhancing the staff's pro-environmental behavior in the front office department. The way green practice enhances pro-environmental behavior is by applying these practices directly to form positive habits and encourage environmental awareness. The suggestion for the hotel is to use the results of this study as motivation to improve the implementation of green practices, especially in the aspects of green action and green donation, which have not yet reached the category of highly implemented. Suggestions that can be made by the hotel, particularly in the energy efficiency aspect, include the use of LED lighting. Meanwhile, for recycling practice, it is recommended to conduct training related to waste management. Suggestions for nature conservation activities can be in the form of donation programs that involve most front office staff.

ABSTRAK

Srijati, Ni Made Ari. (2025). *Implementation of Green Practice in enhancing Staff Pro-Environmental Behavior in Front Office Department InterContinental Bali Resort.* Skripsi: Manajemen Bisnis Pariwisata, Jurusan Pariwisata, Politeknik Negeri Bali.

Tesis sarjana ini telah disetujui oleh Pembimbing I: Dra.Ni Nyoman Triyuni, MM. dan Pembimbing II: Putu Tika Virginija, S.Pd., M.Pd.

Kata kunci: green practice, front office, green, pro-environmental behavior

Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk menjelaskan mekanisme atau proses bagaimana implemnetasi green practice memengaruhi pro-environmental behaviour, mengidentifikasi tantangan implementasi, serta menggali saran-saran spesifik untuk perbaikan yang ditujukan kepada karyawan front office di InterContinental Bali Resort. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif dengan 35 responden yang dipilih melalui teknik saturated sampling. Analisis yang digunakan adalah regresi sederhana dengan bantuan perangkat lunak SPSS 27.0 untuk mengolah data. Data dikumpulkan melalui observasi, kuesioner, wawancara sebagai data pendukung, dan dokumentasi. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan green practices di departemen front office InterContinental Bali Resort telah diterapkan dengan baik, namun terdapat beberapa indikator yang belum mencapai kategori sangat baik, yaitu *energy efficiency*, *recycling practice*, dan *nature conservation*. Dari hasil analisis yang dilakukan, green practice dapat menjelaskan 66,6% variasi dari pro-environmental behavior, sementara sisanya dipengaruhi oleh variabel lain di luar model. *Green practice* terbukti menjadi faktor yang kuat dan stabil dalam meningkatkan *pro-environmental behavior* di departemen front office InterContinental Bali Resort. Oleh karena itu, dapat disimpulkan hipotesis diterima, yakni penerapan green practice berpengaruh pada *pro-environmental* staf di departemen front office InterContinental Bali Resort. Cara green practice meningkatkan *pro-environmental behavior* staf adalah dengan menerapkan praktik tersebut secara langsung untuk membentuk kebiasaan positif serta mendorong kepedulian terhadap lingkungan. Saran kepada pihak hotel adalah menjadikan hasil analisis dalam penelitian ini sebagai motivasi untuk meningkatkan pelaksanaan *green practices*, khususnya dalam aspek *green action* dan *green donation* yang belum dapat dikatakan telah diimplementasikan dengan sangat baik. Saran yang dapat dilakukan oleh pihak hotel, khususnya pada bagian *energy efficiency*, adalah dengan menggunakan lampu LED. Sementara itu, untuk *recycling practice*, disarankan untuk mengadakan pelatihan terkait pengolahan sampah. Saran untuk tindakan *nature conservation* dapat berupa kegiatan donasi yang melibatkan sebagian besar staf di departemen front office.

LIST OF CONTENT

COVER	i
TITLE PAGE	ii
REQUIREMENT SHEET.....	iii
APPROVAL SHEET	iv
VALIDITY SHEET	v
STATEMENT LETTER	v
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.....	vii
ABSTRACT	ix
ABSTRAK	x
LIST OF CONTENT	xi
LIST OF TABLES	xiii
LIST OF FIGURES	xiv
LIST OF APPENDICES	xv
CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION.....	1
1.1 Research Background	1
1.2 Research Questions	4
1.3 Research Objectives.....	4
1.4 Research Significance.....	4
1.5 Limitations and Scope of Research.....	4
CHAPTER II LITERATURE REVIEW	6
2.1. Theoretical Basis.....	6
2.1.1 Hotel	6
2.1.2 Front Office	7
2.1.3 Green Practice.....	8
2.1.4 Pro-Environmental Behavior.....	13
2.2. Empirical Review.....	16
2.3. Hypothesis.....	19
CHAPTER III RESEARCH METHOD	21
3.1 Research Location and Period.....	21
3.2 Research Objects.....	21
3.3 Variables Identification.....	21

3.4 Definitions of Operational Variables	22
3.5 Type and Source of Data.....	24
3.5.1 Type of data	24
3.5.2 Data source	25
3.6 Population and Sample Determination	26
3.6.1 Population.....	26
3.6.2 Sample determination	26
3.7 Data Collection	27
3.8 Data Analysis	30
3.8.1 Descriptive Statistic Analysis.....	30
3.8.2 Research Instrument Test	31
3.8.3 Simple Correlation Test.....	33
3.8.4 Simple Linear Regression Analysis.....	33
3.8.5 Classical Assumption Test.....	33
3.8.6 Hypothesis Statistic Test.....	34
3.8.7 Determination Coefficient Test	34
CHAPTER IV RESEARCH FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION.....	35
4.1 Brief Summary of Research Settings	35
4.1.1 General Description.....	35
4.1.2 Brief History of InterContinental Bali Resort Hotel.....	35
4.1.3 Business Field.....	36
4.1.4 Facilities of InterContinental Bali Resort	36
4.1.5 Organizational Structure of Front Office Department InterContinental Bali Resort.....	40
4.2 Research Findings	45
4.2.1 Implementation of Green Practice by Front Office staff at InterContinental Bali Resort	47
4.2.2 Impact of Green Practice to help staff Pro-Environmental behavior in the front office department of InterContinental Bali Resort.....	62
CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	70
5.1 Conclusion	70
5.2 Suggestion.....	70
REFERENCES.....	71
APPENDICES	77

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2. 1 The item of green practices in hotels	13
Table 3. 1 Definition of Operational Variables.....	22
Table 3. 2 Likert Scale	28
Table 3. 3 Interpretation of Descriptive Statistic Range.....	31
Table 3. 4 Correlation Interval Coefficient	33
Table 4. 1 Gender of Respondents	45
Table 4. 2 Age of Respondents	46
Table 4. 3 Respondent's education	46
Table 4. 4 Length of Employment	46
Table 4. 5 Implementation of Green Action	47
Table 4. 6 Implementation of Green Food	54
Table 4. 7 Implementation of Green Donation	58
Table 4. 8 Quantitative Descriptive	60
Table 4. 9 Validity Test.....	62
Table 4. 10 Reliability Test Green Practice	63
Table 4. 11 Reliability Test Pro-Environmental Behavior.....	63
Table 4. 12 Simple Correlation Test	63
Table 4. 13 Simple linear regression analysis.....	64
Table 4. 14 Normality Test	65
Table 4. 15 Linearity Test	66
Table 4. 16 Heteroscedasticity Test	66
Table 4. 17 Simultaneous Tests	67
Table 4. 18 T-Test.....	67
Table 4. 19 Determination Coefficient Test.....	67

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2. 1 Hypothesis	19
Figure 4. 1 Front Office Organizational Structure InterContinental Bali Resort.....	40
Figure 4. 2 Air Conditioner.....	49
Figure 4. 3 Drink Service Appliance.....	49
Figure 4. 4 Glass	50
Figure 4. 5 Automatic Sensored Sink	50
Figure 4. 6 Automatic Wall-mounted Soap	51
Figure 4. 7 Cardboard Reuse.....	52
Figure 4. 8 Reusing Paper	52
Figure 4. 9 Toner Cartridges	53
Figure 4. 10 Buggies	53
Figure 4. 11 Healthier Indoor Environments	54
Figure 4. 12 Refreshment.....	56
Figure 4. 13 Dryer Machine.....	56
Figure 4. 14 Ginger	56
Figure 4. 15 Tea	56
Figure 4. 16 Honey.....	56
Figure 4. 17 Dried Lime.....	56
Figure 4. 18 Welcome Drink.....	57
Figure 4. 19 Monitoring from Quality and Continuous Improvement	57
Figure 4. 20 Sustainable Acknowledgement.....	58
Figure 4. 21 Beach Cleaning.....	59
Figure 4. 22 Tree Planting.....	59

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix 1 Research Permit Letter	77
Appendix 2 Questionnaire Guideline.....	79
Appendix 3 Data Tabulation.....	82
Appendix 4 Interview.....	88
Appendix 5 Documentation	92



**JURUSAN PARIWISATA
POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI**

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Research Background

Sustainable tourism can provide long-term benefits to the local economy without damaging the environment (Kurniawati, 2013). Preserving the environment and considering sustainable will provide opportunities for the successors of young hoteliers to continue to be able to contribute and develop in the tourism industry. Sustainable tourism can be supported by implementing green practices. The implementation of green practices is a form of operational activity carried out in a hotel intending to create intending to create environmentally friendly hotel activities (Rumagesan et al., 2022). The Front Office Department is one of the important departments that reflects the quality of the hotel's service to guests (Dewi et al., 2023). To provide the best service and also be able to protect the environment, there is a need for awareness of the implementation of green practices in hotels, especially in the front office department, which is the main part of the reflection of the hotel that is seen and judged by guests who come.

Green practice is categorized into three parts: green action, green food, and green donation (Leonardo et al., 2014). Green action is an activity that aims to protect the environment and the company's community, green food is the use of sustainable ingredients, such as local and organic ingredients free from harmful substances, and green donation is an action or participation in community projects and donations for environmental issues both in the form of donations and environmental care actions (Mulyawati & Setiawan, 2024). Part of the green practice to reduce the negative impact starting from green action includes energy and water efficiency, the use of environmentally friendly materials, recycling and pollution prevention. The implementation of green food can be in the form of the use of local and organic ingredients, and the implementation of green donation can be in the form of donating funds, participating in projects of the surrounding community to protect the environment (Irawan et al., 2015). Regarding benefits, hotels that have implemented

environmental friendliness and are published will get short-term advantages, which is cost savings (Darmaputra et al., 2020).

The practice of implementing strategies for sustainable tourism can be done with a pro-environmental behavior attitude. By implementing pro-environmental behavior is very important in managing challenges and future readiness in the tourism industry (Makoondlall-Chadee & Bokhoree, 2024). Through pro-environmental behavior, it can show that a person cares about the harmony of nature (Raja et al., 2022). The implementation of pro-environmental behavior is important for companies because (1) pro-environmental issues attract the attention of environmental stakeholders and have financial implications, (2) for long-term sustainability both for the environment and humanity, and (3) minimizing waste and conserving limited resources (Fatoki, 2019). The front office has a crucial role in operating guest services in order to create a sense of comfort for tourists who will stay. the actions taken by the front office staff will produce a first impression of guests. Green practices are important to be implemented, especially in front office departments because the level of concern for the environment can increase rapidly through the implementation of green practices, so this will protect the surrounding environment from negative impacts (Ruki et al., 2025). The front office plays an important role in realizing the implementation of green practices, which will later aim to reduce negative impacts on the environment.

InterContinental Bali Resort is a 5-star hotel located in the Jimbaran area, specifically at Jalan Uluwatu Number 45, Jimbaran, which has been established since 1993 until the present. This hotel has implemented green practices, especially in the front office. The implementation that has been carried out started with green action in the check-in process using a touchscreen tablet for the registration process and turning off the computer when the shift ends. Regarding green food, which is operated in the manufacture of welcome drinks, the main welcome drink owned by InterContinental Bali Resort is "Ginger Tea," which is made of tea, lemongrass, honey, ginger, and lime with sliced dried lime as a garnish in the production of welcome drinks does not use harmful ingredients and damages the environment. Furthermore, green donation has

been implemented in general by the hotel, which is carried out mostly by the Human Resources Department and involves representative from each department to participating tree planting and beach cleaning.

Based on the observations, green practices are not implemented well in InterContinental Bali Resort. Most of staff still use new paper compared to used paper or two-sided paper, charge buggy cars at night when electricity usage is high, staff still use single-use plastic for food wrapping, not separating waste disposal according to type. The lack of awareness of some staff does not reflect the pro-environmental behavior, so the optimization of environmentally friendly behavior is still why the implementation of green practices has not been maximized.

Some studies only discuss the implementation of green practices to improve service quality (Dewi et al., 2023 & Putra et al., 2022). From the research carried out in the front office department of InterContinental Bali Resort, no one has raised the topic of existing problems. In another study, (Yunus et al., 2023) discussed how is implementation of green practices and their impact on environmental sustainability without evaluating the direct contribution of staff. Other research by Nurulfadhlilah & Emilisa (2022) discusses green human resource management and innovation in the environmental performance of organizations in general with pro-environmental behavior as an intermediate variable rather than the focus. Therefore, this research is urgent and important to be carried out, especially to find out how far the implementation of green practices and awareness of front office staff at InterContinental Bali Resort is regarding the importance of environmental care actions for tourism sustainability.

Based on the lack of awareness of the staff, therefore the writer is interested in studying and focusing research on the implementation of green practices in enhancing Pro-Environmental behavior in the front office InterContinental Bali Resort. The writer raised the title "Implementation of Green Practice in enhancing Staff Pro-Environmental Behavior in Front Office Department at Intercontinental Bali Resort".

1.2 Research Questions

Based on the background description above regarding the problems faced, the problem formulation that can be put forward by the writer is:

1. How is the implementation of green practice in the Front Office Department InterContinental Bali Resort?
2. Does the implementations of green practice enhance staff pro-environmental behavior in the Front Office of InterContinental Bali Resort?

1.3 Research Objectives

In this study, research objectives based on the research questions mentioned are as follows:

1. To analyze how the implementation of green practices in the Front Office Department InterContinental Bali Resort.
2. To analyze the implementation of green practices in enhancing staff Pro-Environmental behavior in the Front Office of InterContinental Bali Resort.

1.4 Research Significance

The benefits that can be taken from this research are as follows:

1. Theoretical Benefits

The theoretical benefit of providing insight, knowledge, writing skills, and is expected to help in providing references in line with green practice implementation and staff pro-environmental behavior in front office department.

2. Practical Benefits

In practice, the results of this study are expected to be useful input and guidelines for companies in evaluating and becoming a solution to determine or impact in enhancing staff Pro-Environmental behavior by implementing good green practices for Front Office staff at the InterContinental Bali Resort.

1.5 Limitations and Scope of Research

The limitation and focus in this research as the variables are green practice and pro-environmental behavior.

The scope of this research is concern on collecting data from the front office staff at InterContinental Bali Resort. The indicator used in this research:

- a. green practice: green action, green food, and green donation.
- b. pro-environmental behavior: conserving, avoiding harm, transforming, influencing, and taking initiative.



CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

5.1 Conclusion

Based on the results of the analysis and discussion, the implementation of green practice in the Front Office Department of InterContinental Bali Resort has been carried out properly. Most staff have shown an understanding and willingness to apply environmentally friendly actions in their daily operations. However, there are still aspects of green practice, such as energy efficiency, recycling practice, and nature conservation, that require further improvement to be more optimally implemented.

The application of green practice has a significant influence in enhancing staff pro-environmental behavior. Through consistent implementation, green practice helps to foster positive behavior among staff such as conserving resources, avoiding environmental harm, influencing others, transforming work habits, and taking initiative related to environmental care. From the result of the analysis that has been carried out indicates that the implementation of green practices has contributed 68,2% toward the overall formation of pro-environmental behavior among front office staff. It shows that green practice has a substantial and positive influence in enhancing pro-environmental behavior, although there is still room for improvement to reach an optimal level. Therefore, it can be concluded that green practice contributes meaningfully to the development of pro-environmental behavior among front office staff. This can be concluded that the hypothesis is accepted, which that there is a significant influence of green practice on enhancing staff pro-environmental behavior. This can be seen that each indicator can significantly explain the relationship between green practices in improving pro-environmental behavior. The way is to apply green practices directly to form positive habits and even encourage concern for the environment.

5.2 Suggestion

Based on the results of the discussion obtained, the suggestions are the hotel to make the percentage of implementation green practice from this study as a motivation

to increase the implementation of green practices, especially in green action and green donation which still not considered as highly implemented. Suggestion for hotels, especially in the energy efficiency section can be achieved by using LED lights. Meanwhile, in recycling practice, it is recommended to provide specialized training for Front Office staff on the sorting and management of operational waste. The suggestions for nature conservation is make innovation regarding donations that can involving all of staff in the front office department. For further research are suggested to separate each sample action into different questionnaire question items. For example, in the energy efficiency indicator, the use of LED lights, the reduction of air conditioning use, and the shutdown of the computer should be used as three separate questions. This aims to obtain more specific data and find out which actions are implemented by staff.



REFERENCES

- Agustian, I., Imanda, A., & Saputra, H. E. (2019). Pengaruh Sistem Informasi Manajemen terhadap Peningkatan Kualitas Pelayanan di PT. Jasaraharja Putra Cabang Bengkulu. *Jurnal Professional Fis Unived*, 6(1), 42–60. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.37676/professional.v6i1.837>
- Ahmad, J., Mamun, A. Al, Masukujaman, M., Makhbul, Z. K. M., & Ali, K. A. M. (2023). *Modeling the Workplace Pro Environmental Behavior Through Green Human Resource Management and Organizational Culture Evidence From an Emerging Economy*. 9(9), 1–17. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.heliyon.2023.e19134>
- Ahn, Y. H., & Pearce, A. R. (2013). Green Luxury: A Case Study of Two Green Hotels. *Journal of Green Building (Edisi Yang Dikelola Oleh Allen Press)*, 8(1), 90–119. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.3992/jgb.8.1.90>
- Allen, M. S., Iliescu, D., & Greiff, S. (2022). Single Item Measures in Psychological Science: A Call to Action. In *European Journal of Psychological Assessment* (Vol. 38, Issue 1, pp. 1–5). Hogrefe Publishing GmbH. <https://doi.org/10.1027/1015-5759/a000699>
- Amran, N. A., Saad, N., & Aripin, N. (2017). Green practices in northern region hotels of Malaysia. *Journal of Management and Marketing Review (JMMR) Vol*, 2(3). <https://ideas.repec.org/p/gtr/gatrjs/jmmr152.html>
- Ananda, C. G., Fatimah, D. P., & Nugraha, R. N. (2023). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan Front Office Terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Pada Pengelolaan Hotel Horison Bekasi. *Jurnal Daya Saing*, 9(2), 92–104. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.35446/dayasaing.v9i1.1079>
- Ardiansyah, Risnita, & Jailani, M. S. (2023). Teknik Pengumpulan Data Dan Instrumen Penelitian Ilmiah. *Jurnal Pendidikan Islam*, 1, 1–9. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.61104/ihsan.v1i2.57>
- Aristianingsih, R., Irawan, I., & Sulhan, M. (2022). Kompetensi Manajerial Kepala Madrasah dalam Kinerja Tenaga Kependidikan di Madrasah. *Jurnal Isema : Islamic Educational Management*, 7(1), 43–52. <https://doi.org/10.15575/isema.v7i1.14390>
- Arsenal, I. K. P., Astuti, N. N. S., Aryana, I. N. R., & Anggraheni, R. R. R. (2022). Green practices to implement green hotel concept at Grand Hotel des Alpes, France. *International Journal of Green Tourism Research and Applications*, 4(2), 86–98. <https://doi.org/10.31940/ijogtra.v4i2.86-98>
- Asmin, A. I. (2014). A Study on English Terms Used by The Staff of Front Office Department at The Grand Clarion Hotel Makassar. *Ethical Lingua:Journal of Language Teaching and Literature*, 1(2), 1–29. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.33633/lite.v13i2.1719>
- Bergkvist, L., & Rossiter, J. R. (2007). The Predictive Validity of Multiple-Item Versus Single-Item Measures of the Same Constructs. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 44(2), 175–184. <https://doi.org/10.1509/jmkr.44.2.175>
- Butarbutar, A. R., Tahir, U., & Ansori, T. (2024). *Analisis Peran Investasi Hijau dalam Mengurangi Emisi Gas Rumah Kaca dan Meningkatkan Efisiensi Energi pada Industri Otomotif di Jawa Barat*. 3(2), 156–166.
- Caplin, A., Lee, M., Leth-Petersen, S., Saevarud, J., & Shapiro, M. D. (2023). How Worker Productivity and Wages Grow with Tenure and Experience: The Firm Perspective. *National Bureau of Economic Research*, 1–76. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.3386/w30342>

- Cozzio, C., Orlandi, L. B., & Zardini, A. (2018). Food sustainability as a strategic value driver in the hotel industry. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 10(10). <https://doi.org/10.3390/su10103404>
- Damiyana, D., & Sari, D. M. (2020). Tugas dan Tanggung Jawab Staff Front Office pada Rumah Sakit Mekarsari. *Jurnal Lentera Bisnis*, 9(1), 12. <https://doi.org/10.34127/jrlab.v9i1.334>
- Darmaputra, P. G. E., Dianasari, D. A. L., & Kalpikawati, I. A. (2020). Penerapan Konsep Green Hotel di Nusa Lembongan Bali. *Jurnal Bisnis Hospitaliti*, 9(2), 70–77. <https://doi.org/10.52352/jbh.v9i2.507>
- Dewi, N. K. H. K., Nadra, N. M., Suarja, I. K., Triyuni, N. N., & Astawa, I. K. (2023). Implementation of Green Practice In Improving Service Quality At The Front Office Department At Mercure Bali Legian. *International Journal of Travel, Hospitality and Events*, 2(2), 116–129. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.56743/ijthe.v2i2.260>
- Diamantopoulos, A., Sarstedt, M., Fuchs, C., Wilczynski, P., & Kaiser, S. (2012). Guidelines for choosing between multi-item and single-item scales for construct measurement: A predictive validity perspective. *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 40(3), 434–449. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11747-011-0300-3>
- Elo, A.-L., Leppänen, A., & Jahkola, A. (2003). Validity of a single-item measure of stress symptoms. *Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment & Health*, 29(6), 444–451. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.5271/sjweh.752>
- Farias, L. M. S., Santos, L. C., Gohr, C. F., & Rocha, L. O. (2019). An ANP-based approach for lean and green performance assessment. *Resources, Conservation and Recycling*, 143, 77–89. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.resconrec.2018.12.004>
- Fathurrahman, M. A., Irwin, I., & Khaliesh, H. (2021). Perancangan Hotel Bisnis di Kabupaten Sintang. *Jurnal Mosaik Arsitektur*, 9(1), 228. <https://doi.org/10.26418/jmars.v9i1.45112>
- Fatoki, O. (2019). Hotel employees' pro-environmental behaviour: Effect of leadership behaviour, institutional support and workplace spirituality. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 11(15). <https://doi.org/10.3390/su11154135>
- Febriati, P., Andajani, E., & Megawati, V. (2022). Pengaruh Green Practices, Functional Value, Satisfaction, dan Word of Mouth terhadap Revisit Intention pada Hotel Mercure Grand Mirama Surabaya. 4(2), 88–100. <https://doi.org/10.32795/widyamanajemen.v4i2>
- Guo, Y., Wang, L., & Yang, Q. (2020). Do Corporate Environmental Ethics Influence Firms' Green Practice? The Mediating Role of Green Innovation and The Moderating Role of Personal Ties. 266(9). <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2020.122054>
- Halim, G. P., Firasko, M., & Harianto, A. (2021). Consumer's Awareness of the Application of Green Practices Carried out by Starbucks Indonesia. *Jurnal Hospitality Dan Manajemen Jasa*, 9(2), 115–126. <https://publication.petra.ac.id/index.php/manajemen-perhotelan/article/view/11511>
- Hameed, R., Rehaman, N., Shoaib, M., & Ibtsam, M. (2023). Promoting pro-environmental behavior among one belt one road firms' employees through the lens of green human resource practices. *Work*, 76(4), 1373–1384. <https://doi.org/10.3233/WOR-211442>
- Hasanbeigi, A., & Price, L. (2015). A Technical Review of Emerging Technologies for Energy and Water Efficiency and Pollution Reduction in the Textile Industry. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 95(7), 30–44. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2015.02.079>

- Ioannidis, A., Chalvatzis, K. J., Leonidou, L. C., & Feng, Z. (2021). Applying the reduce, reuse, and recycle principle in the hospitality sector: Its antecedents and performance implications. *Business Strategy and the Environment*, 30(7), 3394–3410. <https://doi.org/10.1002/bse.2809>
- Irawan, A., & Vianney, A. (2015). Pengaruh Green Practice terhadap Green Consumer Behavior di The Kemangi Restaurant, Hotel Santika Pandegiling Surabaya. *Jurnal Hospitality Dan Manajemen Jasa*, 3(2), 86–101. <https://publication.petra.ac.id/index.php/manajemen-perhotelan/article/view/3482>
- Janna, N. M. (2021). Konsep Uji Validitas Dan Reliabilitas Dengan Menggunakan Spss. *OSF (Open Science Framework Preprints)*, 1–6. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/v9j52>
- Jiang, Y., & Gao, Y. (2019). Factors that influence potential green hotel customers' decision-making process—evidence from China. *Journal of China Tourism Research*, 15(4), 455–477. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1080/19388160.2018.1558139>
- Kankaras, M., & Capecchi, S. (2024). Neither agree nor disagree: use and misuse of the neutral response category in Likert-type scales. *Metron*, 83(1), 111–140. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40300-024-00276-5>
- Kim, S.-H., Lee, K., & Fairhurst, A. (2017). The review of “green” research in hospitality, 2000-2014: Current trends and future research directions. *International Journal of Contemporary Hospitality Management*, 29(1), 226–247.
- Kovilage, M. P. (2021). Influence of lean-green practices on organizational sustainable performance. *Journal of Asian Business and Economic Studies*, 28(2), 121–142. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JABES-11-2019-0115>
- Kuraesin, A. D. (2016). Influence Organizational Structure on the Quality of Accounting Information Systems. *Research Journal of Finance and Accounting Wwww.Iiste.Org ISSN*, 7(2), 225–234. www.iiste.org
- Kurniawati, R. (2013). Modul pariwisata berkelanjutan. In *Curugbajing: Petungkriyano. Modul pariwisata berkelanjutan*. https://d1wqxts1xzle7.cloudfront.net/38440899/PEMBANGUNAN_PARIWISATA_BERKELANJUTAN-academia.edu.docx?1738225356
- Lange, F., & Dewitte, S. (2019). Measuring pro-environmental behavior: Review and recommendations. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 63(1), 92–100. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2019.04.009>
- Larasati, S. (2016). Excellent Hotel Operation. *Yogyakarta: Ekuilibria*, 1(1), 1–204. <https://repository.telkomuniversity.ac.id/pustaka/121588/excellent-hotel-operation.html?>
- Leonardo, A., Utomo, S. L., Thio, S., & Siaputra, H. (2014). Eksplorasi Persepsi Masyarakat Terhadap Green Practices di Restoran-Restoran yang ada di Surabaya. *Jurnal Hospitality Dan Manajemen Jasa*, 2, 496–515. https://www.academia.edu/69135779/Eksplorasi_Persepsi_Masyarakat_Terhadap_Green_Practices_DI_Restoran_Restoran_Yang_Ada_DI_Surabaya?
- Makoondlall-Chadee, T., & Bokhoree, C. (2024). Understanding the Influencing Factors of Pro-Environmental Behavior in the Hotel Sector of Mauritius Island. *Tourism and Hospitality*, 5(4), 942–976. <https://doi.org/10.3390/tourhosp5040054>
- Maswar. (2017). Analisis Statistik Deskriptif Nilai Uas Ekonomitrika Mahasiswa Dengan Program Spss 23 & Eviews 8.1. *Jurnal Pendidikan Islam Indonesia*, 1(2), 273–292. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.35316/jpii.v1i2.54>

- Mulyawati, N. A., & Setiawan, F. (2024). *Al Maal : Journal of Islamic Economics and Banking* <http://jurnal.umt.ac.id/index.php/jieb> Penerapan Konsep Green Practices dalam Pengembangan Produk Halal yang Berkelanjutan. 5(1), 28–47. <https://doi.org/10.31000/almaal.v5i1.10329>
- Noviastuti, N., Agustina Cahyadi, D., & Pariwisata Dharma Nusantara Sakti Yogyakarta, A. (2020). Peran Reservasi dalam Meningkatkan Pelayanan terhadap Tamu di Hotel Novotel Lampung. In *Jurnal Ilmiah Pariwisata dan Perhotelan* (Vol. 3, Issue 1). <https://jurnal.akparda.ac.id/31>
- Nurulfadhilah, L., & Emilisa, N. (2022). Pengaruh Ghrm, Task-Related Pro-Environmental Behavior, Proactive Pro-Environmental Behavior, Green Innovation Practices Terhadap Environmental Performance. *Jurnal Cakrawala*, 5(2), 312–331. <https://www.cakrawala.imwi.ac.id/index.php/cakrawala/article/view/135/122>
- Orsatti, G., Quatraro, F., & Pezzoni, M. (2020). The Antecedents of Green Technologies: The Role of Team-Level Recombinant Capabilities. *Research Policy*, 49(3). <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.respol.2019.103919>
- Pakpahan, M. A., Sutama, I. K., Suparta, I. K., & Anggraheni, R. R. R. (2022). Front Office as a Green Hotel Practice at Novotel Bali Ngurah Rai Airport. *International Journal of Glocal Tourism*, 3(4), 245–256. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.58982/injogt.v3i4.268>
- Palupi, T., & Sawitri, D. R. (2017). Hubungan Antara Sikap Dengan Perilaku Pro-Lingkungan Ditinjau dari Perspektif Theory Of Planned Behavior Relationship Between Attitude And Pro-Environmental Behavior from the Perspective of Theory of Planned Behavior. *Universitas Sebelas Maret*, 14(1), 214–217. <https://jurnal.uns.ac.id/prosbi/article/view/18936?>
- Perezkhan, A., Fainshmidt, S., Nair, A., Frazier, M. L., & Markowski, E. (2016). An empirical assessment of the dynamic capabilities–performance relationship. *Https://Www.Sciedirect.Com/Journal/Journal-of-Business-Research*, 69, 2950–2956. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2015.10.152>
- Purba, W. S., & Kusumawardani, D. (2023). Pro-Environmental Behavior and Social Capital in Indonesia 2021: A Micro Data Analysis. *International Journal of Sustainable Development and Planning*, 18(7), 2107–2119. <https://doi.org/10.18280/ijrsp.180713>
- Putra, R. S., Wendri, G. M., & Sudiarta, I. M. (2022). *Implementation Of Green Practices By Front Office Department Staff In Im-proving Service Quality At Hilton Bali Resort* [Politeknik Negeri Bali]. <https://repository.pnb.ac.id>
- Qomaruddin, Q., & Sadiyah, H. (2024). Kajian Teoritis tentang Teknik Analisis Data dalam Penelitian Kualitatif Perspektif Spradley,Miles dan Huberman. *Management, Accounting and Administration*, 1(2), 77–84. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.52620/jomaa.v1i2.93>
- Raja, V. N. L., Sya, A., & Samadi. (2022). *Pro Environmental Behavior*. Deepublish, Yogyakarta. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/391262068_Pro_Environmental_Behavior
- Rijali, A. (2018). Analisis Data Kualitatif. *Alhadharah: Jurnal Ilmu Dakwah*, 17(33), 81–95. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.18592/alhadharah.v17i33.2374>
- Ruki, M., Sadguna, I. G. A. J., & Sari, I. G. A. M. K. K. (2025). Front Office Strategies to Promote Green Action Among Employees: A Case Study of Marriott Hotels in Bali. *Action Research Literate*, 9(2), 562–570. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.46799/arl.v9i2.2826>

- Rumagesan, S., Ketut Bagiastuti, N., Agung, G., Krisna, M., & Sari, K. (2022). *Penerapan Green Practices pada Food & Beverage Department di Fox Hotel Jimbaran*. <https://doi.org/http://repository.pnb.ac.id/id/eprint/4574>
- Rustamana, A., Wahyuningsih, P., Azka, M. F., & Wahyu, P. (2024). Cendikia Pendidikan Penelitian Metode Kuantitatif. *Tahun*, 5(6), 1–10. <https://doi.org/10.9644/sindoro.v4i5.3317>
- Sasmita, L. (2017). Peran Guest Service Agent dalam Penanganan Daytripper di mayang Sari Beach Resort Bintan. *Jurnal Online Mahasiswa Fakultas Ilmu Sosial Dan Ilmu Politik, Universitas Riau*, 4(2), 1–15. <https://media.neliti.com/media/publications/120229-ID-peran-guest-service-agent-dalam-penangan.pdf>
- Schubert, F. (2008). *Exploring And Predicting Consumers' Attitudes And Behaviors Towards Green Restaurants*. 1–82. http://rave.ohiolink.edu/etdc/view?acc_num=osu1216261814
- Simatupang, J. W., Santoso, F. H., Afristanto, S. D., Bramasto, R., & Maheli, H. B. (2021). Lampu LED Sebagai Pilihan Yang Lebih Efisien Untuk Lampu Utama Sepeda Motor. *Jurnal Kajian Teknik Elektro*, 6(1), 20–26. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.52447/jkte.v6i1.4434>
- Steg, L., & Vlek, C. (2009). Encouraging pro-environmental behaviour: An integrative review and research agenda. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 29(3), 309–317. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2008.10.004>
- Sugiyono. (2017). *Metode Penelitian Kombinasi (Mix Methods)* (26th ed.). CV Alfabeta, Bandung. <https://www.scribd.com/document/391327717/Buku-Metode-Penelitian-Sugiyono>
- Sugiyono. (2018). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif dan R&D*. Alfabeta, Bandung. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/377469385_METODE_PENELITIAN_KUALITATIF_KUALITATIF_DAN_RD
- Sugiyono. (2019). metode penelitian pendidikan (kuantitatif, kualitatif, kombinasi, R&D dan penelitian pendidikan). In *Metode Penelitian Pendidikan* (Vol. 67, Issue 18). Bandung: Alfabeta. <https://www.scribd.com/document/709919745/metode-penelitian-pendidikan-sugiyono-2021>
- Suwarno, Y., Laksmitasari, R., & Widayati, K. (2017). Perancangan Hotel Bintang Tiga dengan Konsep Hospitality di Jakarta Selatan. *Jurnal Desain*, 5, 53–60. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.30998/jurnaldesain.v5i01.2179>
- Teng, Y. M., Wu, K. S., & Huang, D. M. (2014). The influence of green restaurant decision formation using the VAB model: The effect of environmental concerns upon intent to visit. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 6(12), 8736–8755. <https://doi.org/10.3390-su6128736>
- Tian, H., & Liu, X. (2022). Pro-Environmental Behavior Research: Theoretical Progress and Future Directions. In *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health* (Issue 11). MDPI. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph19116721>
- Utami, R. A., & Kussudyarsana. (2024). Analisis Efektivitas Kampanye Pemasaran Storytelling pada Platform Azarine Cosmetic Untuk Meningkatkan Brand Image dan Brand Trust Sebagai Mediasi Terhadap Niat Pembelian Konsumen. *Jurnal Akuntansi Dan Pajak (STIE AAS Surakarta)*, 24(2). <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.29040/jap.v24i2.12524>
- Vallaster, C., & Wallpach, S. von. (2013). An Online Discursive Inquiry Into The Social Dynamics of Multi-Stakeholder Brand Meaning Co-Creation. *Journal of*

- Business Research*, 66(9), 1505–1515.
<https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2012.09.012>
- Walliman, N. (2021). *Research Methods The Basics* (3rd ed.). Routledge.
<https://www.scribd.com/document/830996328/Research-Methods-The-Basics-3rd-Edition-Nicholas-Walliman-all-chapter-instant-download?>
- Yang, Z., & Lin, Y. (2020). The Effects of Supply Chain Collaboration on Green Innovation Performance an Interpretive Structural Modeling Analysis. *Sustainable Production and Consumption*, 23, 1–10.
<https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.spc.2020.03.010>
- Yousaf, Z. (2021). Go for green: green innovation through green dynamic capabilities: accessing the mediating role of green practices and green value co-creation. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 28(39), 54863–54875.
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-021-14343-1>
- Yunanto, A. P., Adiutomo, K., & Hartono, N. (2014). Analisis Konsumsi Energi pada Penggunaan Pendingin Udara Kamar di Patra Jasa Convention Hotel Semarang. *Wahana Teknik Sipil*, 19(2), 88–94.
<https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.32497/wahanats.v19i2.137>
- Yunus, I., Triyuni, N. N., Nadra, N. M., & Puspita, N. P. L. A. (2023). Implementation of Green Practice in Maintaining Environmental Sustainability at The Santai. *Green Tourism International Seminar & Entrepreneurship Expo 2023*, 1–11.
<https://ojs2.pnb.ac.id/index.php/gtisee>

