#### THESIS

## VERIFICATION AND EXPLORATION OF GREEN BUSINESS-BASED HANDICRAFT PRODUCT INNOVATION AT PURNAMA SHOP CENTRAL LOMBOK



DZULHAM PRATAMA JULISTIONO S

POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI BADUNG 2025

#### THESIS

### VERIFICATION AND EXPLORATION OF GREEN BUSINESS-BASED HANDICRAFT PRODUCT INNOVATION AT PURNAMA SHOP CENTRAL LOMBOK



## DZULHAM PRATAMA JULISTIONO S NIM. 2315885026

TOURISM BUSINESS PLANNING STUDY PROGRAM
APPLIED MASTER PROGRAM
TOURISM DEPARTMENT
POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI
BADUNG
2025

#### THESIS

Prepared As One of the Requirement to Obtain

The Master's Degree in Applied Tourism (M.Tr. Par)

Tourism Planning Study Program, Applied Master Program

at Tourism Department, Bali State Polytechnic



## DZULHAM PRATAMA JULISTIONO S NIM. 2315885026

TOURISM BUSINESS PLANNING STUDY PROGRAM
APPLIED MASTER PROGRAM
TOURISM DEPARTMENT
POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI
BADUNG
2025

#### **PREFACE**

By giving thanks to God Almighty for His blessings bestowed on the author so that the author can complete the preparation of the thesis entitled: "Verification and Exploration of Green Business-Based Handicraft Product Innovation At Purnama Shop Central Lombok"

This thesis was written to meet one of the requirements to achieve an Applied Master's degree in the S II Tourism Planning Study Program, Bali State Polytechnic. During the writing of this scientific paper, there have been many obstacles and difficulties thanks to the guidance and direction from the supervisor and assistance from various parties so that difficulties and obstacles can be overcome. Therefore, through this opportunity, I would like to express my gratitude, especially to the honorable:

- 1. I Nyoman Abdi, S.E., M.e Com, as the Director of the Politeknik Negeri Bali who has given the author the opportunity to study at the Bali State Polytechnic as a provision for the writer for a better future and career.
- 2. Dr. Ni Nym Sri Astuti, SST.Par., M.Par as the head of the Department of Tourism of the Politeknik Negeri Bali who has provided the opportunity to study at the Department of Tourism of the Bali State Polytechnic and his direction in the preparation of a thesis.
- Dr. Dra. Ni Gst Nym Suci Murni, M.Par, as Head of Tourism Department at Politeknik Negeri Bali which also helps to provide smoothness and input for writers.

- 4. Prof Dr. I Made Darma Oka, SST.Par., M.Par As Supervisor I who patiently provides guidance, direction and very meaningful inputs so that this thesis can be completed.
- 5. Prof. Drs. Gede Ginaya, M.Si As a Supervisor II who has provided direction and assistance to the author during the process of preparing this thesis.
- 6. Abdul Qadir Jaelani as the Marketing and Public Relations Manager of Purnama Shop Central Lombok who has allowed the author to conduct research.
- 7. My parents who have helped and prayed a lot for the smooth preparation of the thesis to the writer.

May God Almighty always give him protection, the author with all humility hopes for constructive input and suggestions so that they can be better.

Badung, 6 August 2025

Dzulham Pratama Julistiono S

## POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI

## TABLE OF CONTENT

OUTSIDE COVER	
INSIDE COVER	i
DECLARATION OF AUTHENTICITY	ii
COUNSELOR APPROVAL SHEET	V
PREFACE	vi
TABLE OF CONTENT	ix
LIST OF TABLE	
LIST OF FIGURE	
LIST OF ATTACHMENT	
ABSTRACT	xiv
CHAPTER I	
INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background	
1.2 Problem Formulation	<i>6</i>
1.3 Research Objectives	
1.3.1 General Objective	
1.3.2 Specific Objective	
1.4 Research Benefit	
1.4.1 Theoritical Benefit	8
1.4.2 Practical Benefit	8
CHAPTER II	10
LITERATURE REVIEW AND RESEARCH FRAMEWORK	10
<ul><li>2.1 Literature Review</li><li>2.2 Concepts</li></ul>	15
2.2.1 Small Medium Enterprise	17
2.2.2 Handicraft Innovation	21
2.2.3 Innovation	27
2.2.4 Sustainable Tourism	36
2.3 Theoritical Foundation	47
2.3.1 Green Business	47
2.3.2 Ansoff Matrix	71
2.4 Previous Research	77

2.5 Research Framework	82
CHAPTER III	84
RESEARCH METHOD	84
3.1 Research Design	84
3.2 Population and Sampel	85
3.3 Data Collection Techniques	87
3.4.1 Interview	87
3.4.2 Observation	87
3.4.3 Document Study	88
3.4.4 Questionaire	88
3.4.5 Focus Grub Discussion	
3.4 Data Analysis Techniques	89
3.5 Data Validity	
CHAPTER IV	<b></b> 96
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF RESEARCH SITE	
4.1 Location And General Description	96
4.2 Product and Facilities	
4.3 Organization Structure	103
CHAPTER V	
DISCUSSION AND RESEARCH RESULTS	109
5.1 Verifiable Impacts of Green Business-Based Handicraft Product Innovation at Purnama Shop Central Lombok	109
5.2 Green Business Principles and Innovation Handicraft Products Developed for Market Acceptance	138
5.3 The Model for the Development of Handicraft Business Innovation Based on Great Business.	
CHAPTER VICLOSING	194 194
6.1 Conclusion	194
6.2 Recomendation	195
REFERENCE	197
LIST OF ATTACHMENT	206

### LIST OF TABLE

Table 3. 1 Score Percentage Categories	88
Table 5. 1 Validity Test of Indicator Items	
Table 5. 2 Reliability Test Results	
Table 5. 3 Questionaire Result	127
Table 5. 4 Normality Test Result	129
Table 5. 5 Multicollinearity Test Result	130
Table 5. 6 Heteroscedasticity Test Result	131
Table 5. 7 Multiple Linear Regression Result	132
Table 5. 8 Coefficient Determination Test	133
Table 5. 9 F Test Result	
Table 5. 10 T Result Test	137
Table 5. 11 Coding data	146
Table 5. 12 Thematic Result	147
Table 5. 13 Integration of Quantitative and Qualitative Results	
Table 5. 14 Focus Group Discussion Result	

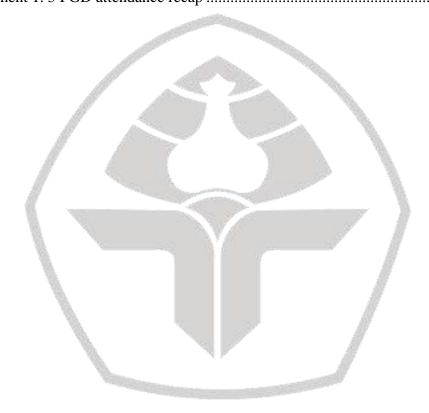


## LIST OF FIGURE

Figure 1. 1 Number of Craft Business in Central Lombok in 2023	2
Figure 2. 1 Value Creation	36
Figure 2. 2 three spheres of sustainability	43
Figure 2. 3 Ansoff Matrix	72
Figure 2. 4 Research Framework flowchart	83
Figure 4. 1 Ketak Rattan Bag	98
Figure 4. 2 three-tier bamboo hanging lamp	98
Figure 4. 3 Place For Round Rattan Fruit & Shells	100
Figure 4. 4 Production Room	101
Figure 4. 5 Store	101
Figure 4. 6 Gallery	
Figure 4. 7 Office	
Figure 4. 8 Organization Structure	105
Figure 5. 1 Respondent Employment Chart	110
Figure 5. 2 Respondent Age Chart	
Figure 5. 3 Respondent Education Chart	
Figure 5. 4 Questionnaire Diagram Result Y.1	
Figure 5. 5 Questionnaire Diagram Result X1.1	
Figure 5. 6 Questionnaire Diagram Result X1.2	
Figure 5. 7 Questionnaire Diagram Result X1.3	
Figure 5. 8 Questionnaire Diagram Result X1.4	
Figure 5. 9 Questionnaire Diagram Result X2.1	
Figure 5. 10 Questionnaire Diagram Result X2.2	
Figure 5. 11 Questionnaire Diagram Result X2.3	120
Figure 5. 12 Questionnaire Diagram Result X2.4	
Figure 5. 13 Questionnaire Diagram Result X3.1	
Figure 5. 14 Questionnaire Diagram Result X3.2	
Figure 5. 15 Questionnaire Diagram Result X3.3	123
Figure 5. 16 Questionnaire Diagram Result X3.4	
Figure 5. 17 Questionnaire Diagram Result X4.1	125
Figure 5. 18 Questionnaire Diagram Result X4.2	125
Figure 5. 19 Questionnaire Diagram Result X4.3	
Figure 5. 20 Questionnaire Diagram Result X4.4	
Figure 5. 21 Green Business-Based Handicraft Business Innovation Deve	lopment
Model	154

## LIST OF ATTACHMENT

Attachment 1. 1 Interview Guide	206
Attachment 1. 2 List of Research Informants	209
Attachment 1. 3 Documentation	210
Attachment 1. 4 Questionaire	211
Attachment 1 5 FGD attendance recan	



# POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI

# VERIFICATION AND EXPLORATION OF GREEN BUSINESS-BASED HANDICRAFT PRODUCT INNOVATION AT PURNAMA SHOP CENTRAL LOMBOK

#### DZULHAM PRATAMA JULISTIONO S NIM: 2315885026

#### **ABSTRACT**

This research aims to verify and explore green business-based handicraft product innovations in Purnama Shop Central Lombok. The research method uses a mixed method with a sequential explanatory design. The quantitative stage was carried out through the distribution of questionnaires to 80 customers and analyzed with multiple linear regression to see the influence of green inputs, green processes, green products, and green marketing on customer experience. The qualitative stage is carried out through in-depth interviews, observations, and focus group discussions with owners, managers, academics, customers, and the media, then analyzed through reduction, coding, categorization, and thematization. The results of the study show that the implementation of green business has a positive impact on product quality, customer trust, and market competitiveness. The use of natural raw materials, environmentally friendly processes, and sustainable packaging is considered to increase the functional and symbolic value of the product. The integration of green innovation with marketing strategies also drives market expansion and strengthens brand positioning. This research produces a green model business-based handicraft innovation that combines responsibility, cultural preservation, and business sustainability. This research enriches the study of green business and handicraft innovation in SMEs, while practically providing guidance for business actors, policy makers, and educational institutions in implementing sustainable strategies.

**Keywords**: Green business, Handicraft innovation, Small Medium Enterprise

#### **CHAPTER I**

#### INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Background

Lombok is famous as one of the traditional arts and culture centers in Indonesia that has great potential in the handicraft industry. A variety of handicraft products such as pottery, songket weaving, bamboo weaving, and pearl crafts are not only cultural heritage that preserves local wisdom, but also make a significant contribution to the economic growth of the local community (Jailani et al., 2023). With abundant natural resources and rich cultural wealth, the handicraft sector in Lombok has a great opportunity to become the main base in local economic development while strengthening the region's cultural identity. To remain competitive and relevant at the national and international levels, it certainly requires strategic support that includes training, product innovation, sustainable marketing, and more focused collaboration between sectors.

This development can be seen in the data on the number of handicraft businesses in Central Lombok in 2023 reaching 19,248 business units. This figure reflects rapid development while illustrating the great potential to develop handicrafts as a sustainable and inclusive creative economy sector. The handicraft sector has the capacity to become an environmentally friendly industry thanks to the use of natural materials and traditional methods that are low in energy. Innovations such as the use of natural products and sustainable design can increase global appeal without sacrificing local culture (Oyekunle & Sirayi, 2018). Therefore,

the development of handicrafts is not only aimed at economic gain, but also increases the social and environmental resilience of local communities.

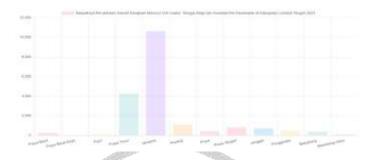


Figure 1. 1 Number of Craft Business in Central Lombok in 2023 Source: BPS Lombok Tengah, 2025

In the midst of these developments, there is a global trend that increasingly requires business actors to adapt to environmental and sustainability issues, especially in the European, North American, and East Asian markets that increasingly pay attention to environmentally friendly aspects in choosing products. This makes the concept of green business even more relevant to be integrated into the business strategy of creative industry players. Sustainable business practices not only lower the potential for environmental damage, but also result in a competitive advantage with energy efficiency, cost savings, and increased productivity (Utomo et al., 2022). Green business emphasizes the use of sustainable raw materials, environmentally friendly production processes and marketing strategies that prioritize sustainability values. In the context of handicrafts, the potential for the application of this concept is huge considering that most raw materials come from nature, the production process tends to be manual with low energy consumption, and product design can highlight ecological messages.

In this case, Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) are a very important element to discuss because they are the foundation of the Indonesian economy. SMEs function as job creators, regional economic drivers, and preservers of traditional culture. However, SMEs often encounter limitations in terms of access to technology, resources, and understanding of sustainable business practices. While large companies are usually quicker to adopt environmentally friendly business strategies, SMEs need practical guidance and policy support to implement these principles. Thus, the development of sustainable business models in SMEs has strategic importance, both in terms of social, economic, and environmental aspects.

The implementation of this green-based program can be seen from the 4 green business criteria listed in the 2023 green business guide journal, namely first, green input, which is environmentally friendly materials used as a source of raw materials for a product, second, green process, which is a method and method of production that reduces negative impacts on the environment and prioritizes environmental sustainability, Third, Green Products, which are products that do not pollute the environment, do not waste resources or can be recycled, and fourth, Green Marketing, which is a marketing program that includes various kinds of environment-based marketing that includes company policies, marketing practices and procedures

Purnama Shop in Central Lombok is a clear example of SMEs that strive to implement environmentally friendly practices by utilizing natural raw materials such as rattan, bamboo, shellfish waste, and other natural fibers. In addition to

involving local communities, this initiative also utilizes local wisdom in the design and production stages. This approach also supports environmental conservation while helping the local community's economy. Despite having this potential, business success does not only depend on the quality of environmentally friendly products, but also on the ability of business actors to expand market reach (market expansion). Market expansion is an important key for handicraft businesses to survive and develop in the midst of increasingly fierce competition. This strategy includes efforts to expand the customer base through increased market penetration, entering new markets, developing new products, or diversifying. In other words, market expansion is not only focused on selling more products in the same region, but also opening up opportunities in new segments and locations, both at the national and international levels.

Efforts to implement green business at Purnama Shop Central Lombok still encounter various obstacles. One of the main problems is that the lack of support and appropriate policies from the government or related agencies is also a barrier. Training on environmentally friendly production methods, certification of sustainable raw materials or tax incentives for green business people is still not evenly distributed. Many artisans in rural areas have not had access to enough information and support to make their business systems more environmentally friendly.

This phenomenon confirms the existence of a significant research gap. In general, the literature on green business is still dominated by studies of large industrial or manufacturing sectors, with a focus on buildings, energy, or

multinational corporations. Meanwhile, studies that specifically raise the application of green business to traditional handicraft SMEs in developing regions such as Lombok are still very limited. The integration of the green business concept with market expansion strategies has not been explored in depth. In fact, market expansion strategies have a strategic role in improving business sustainability, especially for SMEs that face limited resources and marketing networks.

Various previous studies have revealed challenges in the implementation of environmentally friendly businesses. Cheng et al. (2014) revealed that the view of profit encourages the implementation of green business in the service sector, while the view of risk is a barrier for the manufacturing sector. The study of Dangelico & Pujari (2010) emphasizes that large initial investments are a major obstacle especially in developing countries. In addition, L.R. Rupasinghe et al. (2023) stated that research on green business is still more focused on the large industrial or building sector, while studies on SMEs, especially in the field of traditional crafts in Indonesia, are still very minimal. Actually, SMEs play an important role in supporting sustainable development through cultural preservation and strengthening the local economy. A model relevant to the local context is needed to support SMEs in implementing green business practices effectively.

Although the idea of sustainable business has been widely analyzed in large industrial sectors, in-depth research on its application to SMEs focusing on traditional crafts in developing regions such as Indonesia is still relatively small. The lack of literature on the implementation of sustainable business strategies that are in accordance with local social, cultural, and economic characteristics results in

research gaps that must be filled. In fact, SMEs play an important role in supporting sustainable development by preserving culture and empowering the community's economy.

The combination of green business and market development strategies can provide a significant competitive advantage for handicraft businesses. By prioritizing local ecological, social, and cultural values, while utilizing a structured market expansion strategy, business actors can increase product attractiveness in the eyes of consumers, expand market reach, and create economic sustainability. This research is important to explore how handicraft SMEs can incorporate sustainable business principles in their production processes and marketing strategies. The novelty of this research lies in the combination of a green business approach and the expansion of the SME market in one applicable model. This research is expected to produce practical guidelines for SMEs in implementing green businesses that not only minimize environmental impact but also increase competitiveness in the international market.

#### 1.2 Problem Formulation

From the background description above, the formulation of the problem in this study is

- a. What are verifiable impacts of green business-based handicraft product innovation at Purnama Shop Central Lombok?
- b. How is the integration of green business principles and innovation handicraft products developed for market acceptance at Purnama Shop Central Lombok?

c. How is the model of green business-based handicraft product innovation at Purnama Shop Central Lombok?

#### 1.3 Research Objectives

The purpose of this research is to find answers to the problems raised, through the development of handicraft innovation as a green business in Purnama Shop Central Lombok and increase activities that aim to get the following results:

#### 1.3.1 General Objective

To find out and analyze the development of green business in handicraft businesses to increase environmentally friendly innovations at Purnama Shop Central Lombok.

#### 1.3.2 Specific Objective

- To analyse verifiable impacts of green business-based handicraft product innovation at Purnama Shop Central Lombok.
- To analyse the integration of green business principles and innovation handicraft products developed for market acceptance at Purnama Shop Central Lombok.
- c. To create a model for the development of handicraft innovation as a green business at Purnama Shop Central Lombok.

#### 1.4 Research Benefit

#### 1.4.1 Theoritical Benefit

Theoretically, the results of this research can increase knowledge about the development of handicraft innovation as a green business in Purnama Shop Central Lombok

#### 1.4.2 Practical Benefit

#### a. For Student

This research will add knowledge and insight for students about exploration and verification of handicrafts innovation based on green business at Purnama Shop Central Lombok.

#### b. For Politeknik Negeri Bali

This research is expected to add library references at the Bali State Polytechnic and can be used as a study material for Bali State Polytechnic students regarding exploration and verification of handicrafts innovation based on green business at Purnama Shop Central Lombok.

#### c. For Researched Company/Industry/Business

The company can know and implement the right business strategies and policies in maximizing exploration and verification of handicrafts innovation based on green business in the company so that the company can continue to compete and be successful in running its business.

#### **CHAPTER VI**

#### **CLOSING**

#### **6.1 Conclusion**

Based on the findings of the research with a Mixed Method approach that uses an Explanatory Sequential design, several important conclusions can be drawn regarding the implementation of handicraft product innovations that focus on green business at Purnama Shop, Central Lombok. This study focuses on the verification and exploration of the real effects caused by the application of sustainability principles in handicraft businesses, from both quantitative and qualitative perspectives.

The results of the quantitative analysis from the questionnaire showed that most customers gave a good assessment of the environmentally friendly business indicators implemented by Purnama Shop. The aspects of green inputs, green processes, green products, and green marketing have been proven to show high validity and reliability as determinants of customer satisfaction. The results of this study show that the implementation of sustainable business principles has been carried out consistently and has made a great contribution to increasing product competitiveness.

The results of qualitative research obtained through in-depth interviews and focus group discussions corroborated the quantitative findings. Customers stated that they felt a distinctive and different experience when buying items from Purnama Shop. For them, goods are not only functional objects, but also tools to show concern for the environment and support for the local creative economy. The

stories told by the informant reveal three clear dimensions of customer experience, namely functional satisfaction, emotional satisfaction and social satisfaction.

This research produces a model for the development of green business-based handicraft innovations that can be a practical reference for similar MSMEs. This model emphasizes the importance of integrating sustainability values with market development strategies so that businesses are not only profit-oriented, but also pay attention to social (people) and environmental (planet) aspects. In other words, Purnama Shop has succeeded in presenting a real practice of the triple bottom line concept in the context of the handicraft business.

This study concludes that the application of green business-based product innovation not only increases competitiveness and customer satisfaction, but also makes a broader contribution to the preservation of local culture, community empowerment, and environmental sustainability. Thus, Purnama Shop can be an example of best practice in the implementation of green business in the creative economy sector, especially traditional handicrafts.

#### **6.2 Recomendation**

Based on the findings and conclusions of the research, a number of strategic recommendations can be submitted aimed at increasing the effectiveness of the implementation of green business based on handicraft innovation in Purnama Shop and in other similar MSME sectors:

 Purnama Shop must continue to innovate by combining the richness of local culture and world design trends. Innovation is not only seen in the aesthetic

- aspect, but also in the use of environmentally friendly and more varied materials such as the use of organic waste or recycling. This will increase the attractiveness of goods and reinforce differentiation in the global market.
- Purnama Shop must expand marketing access through international ecommerce platforms. This move could create wider export opportunities, especially to European, American, and East Asian markets that pay close attention to environmentally friendly products.
- 3. Continuous training in the areas of design, continuous production, quality management, and digital marketing is required for all employees. Therefore, the quality of goods and services can be well maintained, as well as support business continuity in the long term.
- 4. It is recommended that Purnama Shop increase cooperation networks with educational institutions, creative communities, environmental institutions, and local governments. This collaboration can encourage collaborative innovation, expand the distribution network, and strengthen Purnama Shop's position as a business actor that adheres to sustainable business principles.
- 5. Although environmentally friendly business practices have been implemented, strengthening measures are still needed, such as the use of renewable energy in the production process, the implementation of zero-waste packaging, and circular economy programs by recycling production waste. This will further affirm Purnama Shop's position as a pioneer in sustainable industry.

#### REFERENCE

- Abisuga-Oyekunle, O. A., & Fillis, I. R. (2017). The role of handicraft micro-enterprises as a catalyst for youth employment. *Creative Industries Journal*, 10(1), 59–74. https://doi.org/10.1080/17510694.2016.1247628
- Adams, R., Jeanrenaud, S., Bessant, J., Denyer, D., & Overy, P. (2016). Sustainability-oriented Innovation: A Systematic Review. *International Journal of Management Reviews*, 18(2), 180–205. https://doi.org/10.1111/jimr.12068
- Ahmad, F., Lapian, J., & Supandi Soegoto, A. (2016). Analisis Green Product Dan Green Marketing Strategy Terhadap Keputusan Pembelian Produk The Body Shop Di Manado Town Square.
- Akcigit, U., Hanley, D., & Serrano-Velarde, N. (2020). *Back to Basics: Basic Research Spillovers, Innovation Policy and Growth* \*. https://doi.org/10.1093/restud/rdaa061/5922649
- Almeida, F., Duarte Santos, J., & Augusto Monteiro, J. (2020). The Challenges and Opportunities in the Digitalization of Companies in a Post-COVID-19 World. *IEEE Engineering Management Review*, 48(3), 97–103. https://doi.org/10.1109/EMR.2020.3013206
- Almoravid Dungga, W., Sulila, I., & Aneta, Y. (2018). PENTINGNYA ASPEK HUKUM PELESTARIAN DANAU LIMBOTO DAN PEMANFAATAN ECENG GONDOK SEBAGAI PRODUK KERAJINAN TANGAN KHAS MASYARAKAT DESA BUHU KABUPATEN GORONTALO. 24(2). http://jurnal.unimed.ac.id/2012/index.php/jpkm/article/view/10101
- Ansoff, I. (1957). Strategies for Diversification.
- Appolloni, A., Jose Chiappetta Jabbour, C., Gastaldi, M., & Settembre-Blundo, D. (2021). *Green recovery in the mature manufacturing industry: the role of the green-circular premium and sustainability certification in innovative efforts.*
- Ardika, I. G. (2018). Kepariwisataan Berkelanjutan: Rintis Jalan Lewat Komunitas. Nusantara.
- Arida, S. (2017). Ekowisata: pengembangan, partisipasi lokal, dan tantangan ekowisata.
- Arseculeratne, D., & Yazdanifard, R. (2013). How Green Marketing Can Create a Sustainable Competitive Advantage for a Business. *International Business Research*, 7(1). https://doi.org/10.5539/ibr.v7n1p130
- Awan, U., Kraslawski, A., & Huiskonen, J. (2017). Understanding the Relationship between Stakeholder Pressure and Sustainability Performance in Manufacturing Firms in Pakistan. *Procedia Manufacturing*, 11, 768–777. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.promfg.2017.07.178
- Badollahi, I., & Basuki, B. (2019). The Effect of Market Orientation, Innovation, Organizational Learning, and Entrepreneurship on Firm Performance. In *Article in Journal of Entrepreneurship Education*. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/333972675

- Bag, S. (2016). Green strategy, supplier relationship building and supply chain performance: total interpretive structural modelling approach. In *Int. J. Procurement Management* (Vol. 9, Issue 4).
- Baihaqi, B., Sutrisno, I. H., Jamil, M., & Adnan, A. (2023). INTRODUKSI ALAT SERUT BAMBU RAMAH LINGKUNGAN BAGI PENCIPTAAN ADDED VALUE PADA KELOMPOK TANI OLOH ACEH TAMIANG. *JMM (Jurnal Masyarakat Mandiri)*, 7(6), 5636. https://doi.org/10.31764/jmm.v7i6.18875
- Bhardwaj, A. K., Garg, A., Ram, S., Gajpal, Y., & Zheng, C. (2020). Research trends in green product for environment: A bibliometric perspective. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 17(22), 1–21. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph17228469
- Bıçakcıoğlu-Peynirci, N., & Tanyeri, M. (2022). Stakeholder and resource-based antecedents and performance outcomes of green export business strategy: insights from an emerging economy. *International Journal of Emerging Markets*, 17(1), 1–46. https://doi.org/10.1108/IJOEM-03-2020-0245
- Bocken, N. M. P., Short, S. W., Rana, P., & Evans, S. (2014). A literature and practice review to develop sustainable business model archetypes. In *Journal of Cleaner Production* (Vol. 65, pp. 42–56). https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2013.11.039
- Čekanavičius, L., Bazytė, R., & Dičmonaitė, A. (2014). *GREEN BUSINESS: CHALLENGES AND PRACTICES* (Vol. 93, Issue 1).
- Chang, C. H. (2016). The Determinants of Green Product Innovation Performance. *Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental Management*, 23(2), 65–76. https://doi.org/10.1002/csr.1361
- Cheng, C. C. J., Yang, C. L., & Sheu, C. (2014). The link between eco-innovation and business performance: A Taiwanese industry context. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 64, 81–90. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2013.09.050
- Chukwuka, E. J., & Eboh, E. A. (2018). EFFECT OF GREEN BUSINESS PRACTICES ON ORGANIZATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF SELECTED MANUFACTURING FIRMS IN NIGERIA.
- Dangelico, R. M., & Pujari, D. (2010). Mainstreaming green product innovation: Why and how companies integrate environmental sustainability. *Journal of Business Ethics*, 95(3), 471–486. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10551-010-0434-0
- Dangelico, R. M., Pujari, D., & Pontrandolfo, P. (2017). Green Product Innovation in Manufacturing Firms: A Sustainability-Oriented Dynamic Capability Perspective. *Business Strategy and the Environment*, 26(4), 490–506. https://doi.org/10.1002/bse.1932
- Durmaz, Y., & Yaşar, H. V. (2016). Green Marketing and Benefits to Business. *Business and Management Studies*, 2(2), 64. https://doi.org/10.11114/bms.v2i2.1624
- Emilsson, M., Ernstson, U., Gustavsson, L., & Svensson, A. (2020). Sustainable innovations in small enterprises for the transformation of the primary healthcare sector. *Sustainability* (*Switzerland*), 12(16). https://doi.org/10.3390/SU12166391

- Eshikumo, S. M., & Odock, S. O. (2017). Green Manufacturing and Operational Performance of a Firm: Case of Cement Manufacturing in Kenya. In *International Journal of Business and Social Science* (Vol. 8, Issue 4). www.ijbssnet.com
- Fenwick, M., Japan, F., & Vermeulen, E. P. M. (2019). *Banking and Regulatory Responses to FinTech Revisited Building the Sustainable Financial Service "Ecosystems" of Tomorrow*. https://ssrn.com/abstract=3446273
- Ferdian, A., D., D., Muhallim, M., Nurhuda, N., Kambau, A. M. C., Fikri, M., Abduh, H., & Afiyah, S. (2023). Pengembangan Objek Wisata dan Pemberdayaan Kelompok UKM di Kawasan Pesisir Danau Towuti Desa Tokalimbo. *To Maega: Jurnal Pengabdian Masyarakat*, 6(1), 189. https://doi.org/10.35914/tomaega.v6i1.1565
- Ferreira, A. P. P. F. S., & Marques, M. B. P. de S. M. (2024). The importance of the Ansoff matrix for the study of the information services market. *The Canadian Journal of Information and Library Science*, 47(2), 78–84. https://doi.org/10.5206/cjils-rcsib.v47i2.17432
- Fraj, E., Matute, J., & Melero, I. (2015). Environmental strategies and organizational competitiveness in the hotel industry: The role of learning and innovation as determinants of environmental success. *Tourism Management*, 46, 30–42. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tourman.2014.05.009
- Gabler, C. B., Richey, R. G., & Rapp, A. (2015). Developing an eco-capability through environmental orientation and organizational innovativeness. *Industrial Marketing Management*, 45(1), 151–161. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.indmarman.2015.02.014
- Gaikwad, A., & Ingavale, D. (2011). A study of Consumer Awareness for Green Marketing.
- Geueke, B., Groh, K., & Muncke, J. (2018). Food packaging in the circular economy: Overview of chemical safety aspects for commonly used materials. In *Journal of Cleaner Production* (Vol. 193, pp. 491–505). Elsevier Ltd. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2018.05.005
- Ghasemaghaei, M., & Calic, G. (2020). Assessing the impact of big data on firm innovation performance: Big data is not always better data. *Journal of Business Research*, 108, 147–162. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2019.09.062
- Ghazali, I., Rashid, S. H. A., Dawal, S. Z. M., Aoyama, H., Tontowi, A. E., & Ghazilla, R. A. R. (2018). Green product preferences with respect to cultural influences: Empirical study in indonesia. *International Journal of Automation Technology*, 12(6), 842–852. https://doi.org/10.20965/ijat.2018.p0842
- Gibbs, A. (2017). Focus Groups and Group Interviews in Education. SAGE.
- Hardianti, D., Hidayat Yasruddin, M., Nur Aziza, P., Torasila, W., & Tahier, I. (2023). PEMANFAATAN STIK ES KRIM MENJADI PRODUK KERAJINAN HIASAN DINDING YANG BERNILAI JUAL. 7(2).
- Hasan, M. M., Nekmahmud, M., Yajuan, L., & Patwary, M. A. (2019). Green business value chain: a systematic review. In *Sustainable Production and Consumption* (Vol. 20, pp. 326–339). Elsevier B.V. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.spc.2019.08.003

- Hassanal Bahar Bin Pengiran Bagul, A. (2014). Tourists' Perceptions about an Appealing Handicraft . *Tourism, Leisure and Global Change*, 1.
- Helmi, H., Nengsih, Y. K., & Suganda, V. A. (2018). Peningkatan kepedulian lingkungan melalui pembinaan penerapan sistem 3R (reduce, reuse, recycle). *JPPM (Jurnal Pendidikan Dan Pemberdayaan Masyarakat*), 5(1), 1–8. https://doi.org/10.21831/jppm.v5i1.16861
- Hermanto, D. R. (2016). ANALISIS KONSUMSI ENERGI LISTRIK PADA MESIN FRAIS UNIVERSAL MILKO 12 DENGAN VARIASI PARAMETER PEMESINAN.
- Ichsan, I. Z. (2020). PENGEMBANGAN SUPPLEMENTARY BOOK OF GREEN CONSUMERISM (SBGC) DALAM PEMBELAJARAN BIOLOGI UNTUK MENINGKATKAN HIGHER ORDER THINKING SKILLS DAN PRO-ENVIRONMENTAL BEHAVIOR SISWA.
- Ihwah, A., Saputra, A., Deoranto, P., Dewi, I. A., Lailatul, N., Jurusan, R., Industri, T., Teknologi, P.-F., Brawijaya, P.-U., Veteran -Malang, J., & Korespondensi, P. (2020). ANALISIS KONJOIN UNTUK MENGUKUR PREFERENSI KONSUMEN TERHADAP ATRIBUT KERTAS SENI DARI SABUT PINANG SIRIH (ARECA CATECHU L.) DAN KERTAS KORAN Conjoint Analysis to Measure Consumer Preferences on Atribut of Art Paper from Betel Nut Fiber (Areca catechu L.) and Newspaper. In *Jurnal Teknologi Pertanian* (Vol. 21, Issue 1).
- Jailani, N., Adinugraha, H. H., & Ismanto, K. (2023). CREATIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY FOR THE CRAFT SUB-SECTOR. *Manis: Jurnal Manajemen Dan Bisnis*, 6(2), 109–120. https://doi.org/10.30598/manis.6.2.109-120
- Jena, R. K. (2012). Green computing to green business. In *Green Technologies and Business Practices: An IT Approach* (pp. 138–150). IGI Global. https://doi.org/10.4018/978-1-4666-1972-2.ch007
- Jhon, S. (2014). Study on the role of tourism in promoting arts and crafts—a case study on Channapatna Toys. *Proceedings of the Second International Conference on Global Business, Economics, Finance and Social Sciences, 11–13.*
- Kanchan, U. (2015). GREEN BUSINESS-Way to achieve globally sustainable competitive advantage. *Journal of Progressive Research in Social Sciences*, 2. www.scitecresearch.com
- Khoiriyah, S., & Juan Suam Toro, M. (2014). FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG MEMPENGARUHI KESEDIAAN MEMBELI PRODUK HIJAU. *Bisnis & Manajemen*, 14.
- Kim, G. Y., Kim, K., Kim, H. J., Jung, H. S., Jeon, I., & Lee, J. W. (2023). Sustainable and environmentally viable perovskite solar cells. In *EcoMat* (Vol. 5, Issue 4). John Wiley and Sons Inc. https://doi.org/10.1002/eom2.12319
- Klewitz, J., & Hansen, E. G. (2014). Sustainability-oriented innovation of SMEs: A systematic review. In *Journal of Cleaner Production* (Vol. 65, pp. 57–75). https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2013.07.017
- Koentjoro, N. (2005). Metode-Metode Penelitian Masyarakat. PT. Gramedia Pustaka Utama.

- Kotler, P., & Armstrong, G. (2014). *Principles of Marketing*.
- Laheri, V. K., Dangi, H., & Vohra, A. (2014). Green Marketing: Development of Construct and Its Evolution. *Asia-Pacific Journal of Management Research and Innovation*, 10(2), 147–155. https://doi.org/10.1177/2319510x14536220
- Leonidou, L. C., Christodoulides, P., Kyrgidou, L. P., & Palihawadana, D. (2017). Internal Drivers and Performance Consequences of Small Firm Green Business Strategy: The Moderating Role of External Forces. *Journal of Business Ethics*, *140*(3), 585–606. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10551-015-2670-9
- Leten, B., Kelchtermans, S., Belderbos, R., Leuven, K. U., & Be, R. B. (2021). *How Does Basic Research Improve Innovation Performance in the World's Major Pharmaceutical Firms?*
- Licciardello, F. (2017). Packaging, blessing in disguise. Review on its diverse contribution to food sustainability. In *Trends in Food Science and Technology* (Vol. 65, pp. 32–39). Elsevier Ltd. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tifs.2017.05.003
- Lincoln, & Guba. (1985). Qualitative Research. Mc Graw Hill Book Co.
- Linton, J. D., & Solomon, G. T. (2017). Technology, Innovation, Entrepreneurship and The Small Business—Technology and Innovation in Small Business. *Journal of Small Business Management*, *55*(2), 196–199. https://doi.org/10.1111/jsbm.12311
- Loknath, Y., & Azeem, B. A. (2017). *Green Management-Concept and Strategies*. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/330089504
- L.R. Rupasinghe, Pushpakumari Maldeniyage, & G. D. N. Perera. (2023). Systematic Literature Review: On Green Innovation. *Management Journal for Advanced Research*, *3*(6), 9–21. https://doi.org/10.54741/mjar.3.6.2
- Luo, Y., Salman, M., & Lu, Z. (2021). Heterogeneous impacts of environmental regulations and foreign direct investment on green innovation across different regions in China. *Science of the Total Environment*, 759. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2020.143744
- Maichum, K., Parichatnon, S., & Peng, K. C. (2016). Application of the extended theory of planned behavior model to investigate purchase intention of green products among Thai consumers. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 8(10). https://doi.org/10.3390/su8101077
- Makmur, & Thahier, R. (2015). INOVASI & KREATIVITAS MANUSIA. PT Refika Aditama.
- Mathews, J. A. (2020). Schumpeterian economic dynamics of greening: propagation of green eco-platforms. *Journal of Evolutionary Economics*, *30*(4), 929–948. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00191-020-00669-5
- McCann, Philip., & Soete, Luc. (2020). *Place-based innovation for sustainability*. Publications Office of the European Union.
- McShane, S., Von Glinow, M. A., & Sharma, R. (2011). Organizational Behavior, 5th Edition (Indian Edition).

- Mendon, S., Salins, M., & P, A. (2019). Challenges Associated with Running A Green Business in India and Other Developing Countries. *International Journal of Case Studies in Business, IT, and Education*. https://doi.org/10.5281/z
- Moravcikova, D., Krizanova, A., Kliestikova, J., & Rypakova, M. (2017). Green marketing as the source of the competitive advantage of the business. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 9(12). https://doi.org/10.3390/su9122218
- Morrison-Smith, S., & Ruiz, J. (2020). Challenges and barriers in virtual teams: a literature review. *SN Applied Sciences*, 2(6). https://doi.org/10.1007/s42452-020-2801-5
- Muhammad, S. A., Winarno, A., & Hermawan, A. (2021). STRATEGI BRANDING DALAM MENINGKATKAN MINAT BELI BAGI PELAKU USAHA MIKRO KECIL MENENGAH (UMKM) PRODUK GREEN BEAN KOPI.
- Mukherji, A., & Bhatnagar, J. (2022). Conceptualizing and theorizing green human resource management: a narrative review. *International Journal of Manpower*, 43(3), 862–888. https://doi.org/10.1108/IJM-06-2021-0376
- Mukonza, C., & Swarts, I. (2020). The influence of green marketing strategies on business performance and corporate image in the retail sector. *Business Strategy and the Environment*, 29(3), 838–845. https://doi.org/10.1002/bse.2401
- Munro, D. (2013). A Guide to SME Financing. In *A Guide to SME Financing*. Palgrave Macmillan US. https://doi.org/10.1057/9781137373786
- Murat Bayraktar, C., & Algan, N. (2019). The Importance Of SMEs On World Economies.
- Musaddad, A. A. (2019). PEMBANGUNAN PARIWISATA BERKELANJUTAN DI INDONESIA. *Ilmu Administrasi Dan Manajemen*, 2.
- Nazla, H., Kasimin, S., & Saiful Bahri, T. (2022). Identifikasi Faktor-Faktor Internal dan Eksternal Pada Warung Kopi Di Banda Aceh Masa Pandemi Covid-19 Untuk Penentuan Strategi Pemasaran (Identification of Internal and External Factors at Coffee Shops In Banda Aceh During the Covid-19 Pandemic to Determine Marketing Strategy). *Jurnal Ilmiah Mahasiswa Pertanian*, 7(4). www.jim.unsyiah.ac.id/JFP
- Oksanen, K., & Hautamäki, A. (2015). Sustainable Innovation: A Competitive Advantage for Innovation Ecosystems. *Technology Innovation Management Review*, 5(10), 24–30. https://doi.org/10.22215/timreview/934
- Otaya, L. G., Tjabolo, S. A., & Husain, R. T. (2019a). Analisis kebutuhan pemberdayaan ibu rumah tangga miskin melalui usaha kerajinan tangan khas Gorontalo "Mohalamu Tiohu." *JPPM (Jurnal Pendidikan Dan Pemberdayaan Masyarakat)*, 6(1), 59–75. https://doi.org/10.21831/jppm.v6i1.21736
- Otaya, L. G., Tjabolo, S. A., & Husain, R. T. (2019b). Analisis kebutuhan pemberdayaan ibu rumah tangga miskin melalui usaha kerajinan tangan khas Gorontalo "Mohalamu Tiohu." *JPPM (Jurnal Pendidikan Dan Pemberdayaan Masyarakat)*, 6(1), 59–75. https://doi.org/10.21831/jppm.v6i1.21736

- Oyekunle, O. A., & Sirayi, M. (2018). The role of design in sustainable development of handicraft industries. *African Journal of Science, Technology, Innovation and Development*, 10(4), 381–388. https://doi.org/10.1080/20421338.2018.1461968
- Pappas, I. O., Mikalef, P., Giannakos, M. N., Krogstie, J., & Lekakos, G. (2018). Big data and business analytics ecosystems: paving the way towards digital transformation and sustainable societies. In *Information Systems and e-Business Management* (Vol. 16, Issue 3, pp. 479–491). Springer Verlag. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10257-018-0377-z
- Prasetyo, B., & Suryoko, S. (2018). DAMPAK PENGEMBANGAN PARIWISATA TERHADAP PERKEMBANGAN UMKM PADA KAWASAN WISATA DIENG. In *DIPONEGORO JOURNAL OF SOCIAL AND POLITIC Tahun*. http://ejournal-s1.undip.ac.id/index.php/
- Prieto-Sandoval, V., Jaca, C., & Ormazabal, M. (2018). Towards a consensus on the circular economy. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 179, 605–615. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2017.12.224
- Raharjo, K. (2019). The role of green management in creating sustainability performance on the small and medium enterprises. *Management of Environmental Quality: An International Journal*, 30(3), 557–577. https://doi.org/10.1108/MEQ-03-2018-0053
- Rajeev, K. (2016). Green Marketing: The Next Big Thing. In *Advances In Management* (Vol. 9, Issue 2).
- Riyani Sijabat, Feby Caroline, Benget Marcelino Sitinjak, Lenti Susanna Saragih, & Aurora Elise Putriku. (2024). Strategi Pemasaran Dengan Memanfaatkan Media Sosial Sebagai Alat Promosi Guna Meningkatan Pemasaran Secara Global. *Jurnal Ekonomi, Akuntansi, Dan Perpajakan, 1*(3), 21–33. https://doi.org/10.61132/jeap.v1i3.179
- Roh, T., Lee, K., & Yang, J. Y. (2021). How do intellectual property rights and government support drive a firm's green innovation? The mediating role of open innovation. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 317. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2021.128422
- Rougier, N. P., & Hinsen, K. (2018). *ReScience C: A Journal for Reproducible Replications in Computational Science*. 150–156. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-23987-9\_14ï
- Salsabilah, S., & Islam, M. N. (2022). Kajian Kualitas dan Pemanfaatan Air Sumber Maron sebagai Strategi Environmental Management menuju Sustainable Tourism. http://ejournal.unikama.ac.id/index.php/JPIG/
- Santamaría Aguirre, J. L., & Lecuona López, M. (2017). Ecuadorian artisanal production and its future projection from the Cultural and Creative Industries perspective (CCI). *City, Culture and Society*, 10, 26–32. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ccs.2017.05.002
- Santoso, A., Marfuah, S., & Retnosari, R. (2020). *PEMANFAATAN LIMBAH SAPI PERAH UNTUK BIOGAS SEBAGAI ENERGI TERBARUKAN PADA KELOMPOK PETERNAK*. https://ekbis.sindonews.com/read/1300827/34/potensi-
- Sarantou, M., Kugapi, O., & Huhmarniemi, M. (2021). Context mapping for creative tourism. *Annals of Tourism Research*, 86. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annals.2020.103064

- Schiederig, T., Tietze, F., & Herstatt, C. (2012). *Green innovation in technology and innovation management-an exploratory literature review 1*.
- Sharma, N., Pundir, V., Goel, M., & Bhatt, V. (2022). *Green Entrepreneurship: Prospects and Challenges*.
- Shu, C., Zhou, K. Z., Xiao, Y., & Gao, S. (2016). How Green Management Influences Product Innovation in China: The Role of Institutional Benefits. *Journal of Business Ethics*, 133(3), 471–485. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10551-014-2401-7
- Singh, S. K., Giudice, M. Del, Chierici, R., & Graziano, D. (2020). Green innovation and environmental performance: The role of green transformational leadership and green human resource management. *Technological Forecasting and Social Change*, 150. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.techfore.2019.119762
- Snyder, H. (2019). Literature review as a research methodology: An overview and guidelines. *Journal of Business Research*, 104, 333–339. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2019.07.039
- Sofianti, A., & Herdiana, S. (2022). *Identifikasi Penerapan Aspek Lingkungan Dalam Konsep Pengembangan Pariwisata Berkelanjutan di Dusun Bambu*.
- Stubbs, W. (2019). Strategies, practices, and tensions in managing business model innovation for sustainability: The case of an Australian BCorp. *Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental Management*, 26(5), 1063–1072. https://doi.org/10.1002/csr.1786
- Subamia, I. P., Sri Wahyuni, I. G. A. N., Ni, &, & Widiasih, N. (2016). IMPLEMENTASI 3RH (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, dan Handle) DALAM MANAJEMEN BAHAN DAN LIMBAH LABORATORIUM KIMIA DASAR FMIPA UNDIKSHA SEBAGAI UPAYA EFISIENSI DAN DEPOLUTANSI. In *Prosiding Seminar Nasional MIPA*.
- Sugiyono. (2017). *Metode penelitian bisnis: pendekatan kuantitatif, kualitatif, kombinasi, dan R&D.* CV. Alfabeta: Bandung.
- Sugiyono. (2018). Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatig, dan R&D. Alfabeta.
- Sujarweni, W. (2014). *Metodologi Penelitian : lengkap, praktis, dan mudah dipahami*. Pustaka Baru Press.
- Sujarweni, W. (2019). Metode Penelitian Bisnis Dan Ekonomi. Pustaka Baru Press.
- Todaro, M. P. ., & Smith, S. C. . (2020). Economic development. Pearson.
- Todos, I. (2023). Green Business an Integral Part of the Green Economy. *Economica*, 1(123), 56–66. https://doi.org/10.53486/econ.2023.123.056
- Tseng, S. C., & Hung, S. W. (2013). A framework identifying the gaps between customers' expectations and their perceptions in green products. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, *59*, 174–184. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2013.06.050
- Tunjungsari, H. K. (2022). Pengaruh kepedulian lingkungan dan kesadaran kesehatan terhadap minat beli konsumen pada produk ramah lingkungan.

- Utomo, M. N., Rita, M. R., Pratiwi, S. R., & Puspitasari, I. (2022). *Green Business: Strategi Membangun Kewirausahaan Berdaya Saing Dan Berkelanjutan*. Syiah Kuala University Press.
- Wiese, A., Luke, R., Heyns, G. J., & Pisa, N. M. (2015). The integration of lean, green and best practice business principles. *Journal of Transport and Supply Chain Management*, 9(1). https://doi.org/10.4102/jtscm.v9i1.192
- Wymer, W., & Polonsky, M. J. (2015). The Limitations and Potentialities of Green Marketing. *Journal of Nonprofit and Public Sector Marketing*, 27(3), 239–262. https://doi.org/10.1080/10495142.2015.1053341
- Yang, Y., & Shafi, M. (2020). How does customer and supplier cooperation in micro-enterprises affect innovation? Evidence from Pakistani handicraft micro-enterprises. *Asian Business and Management*, 19(5), 530–559. https://doi.org/10.1057/s41291-019-00072-4
- Yang, Y., Shafi, M., Song, X., & Yang, R. (2018). Preservation of cultural heritage embodied in traditional crafts in the developing countries. A case study of Pakistani handicraft industry. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 10(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/su10051336
- York, J. L., & Danes, J. E. (2014). CUSTOMER DEVELOPMENT, INNOVATION, AND DECISION-MAKING BIASES IN THE LEAN STARTUP.
- Yuliesti, K. D., Suripin, S., & Sudarno, S. (2020). Strategi Pengembangan Pengelolaan Rantai Pasok Dalam Pengelolaan Sampah Plastik. *Jurnal Ilmu Lingkungan*, 18(1), 126–132. https://doi.org/10.14710/jil.18.1.126-132
- Zhang, D., Rong, Z., & Ji, Q. (2019). Green innovation and firm performance: Evidence from listed companies in China. *Resources, Conservation and Recycling*, 144, 48–55. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.resconrec.2019.01.023

## POLITEKNIK NEGERI BALI